Freshwater Initiative

Stakeholder Meeting 2 - Outer Cape Lenses

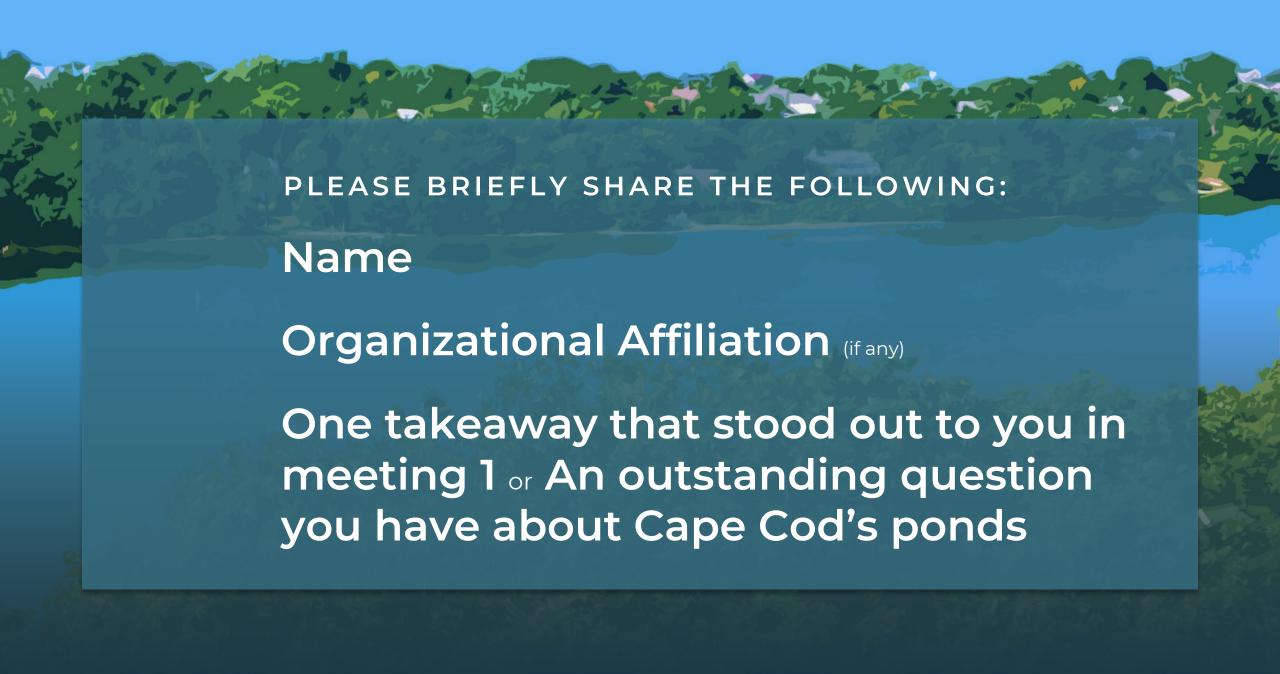


FRESHWATER INITIATIVE

Agenda

Meeting 2

- Introductions
- Defining the Problems
- Strategies
- Projects
- Priorities
- Next Steps



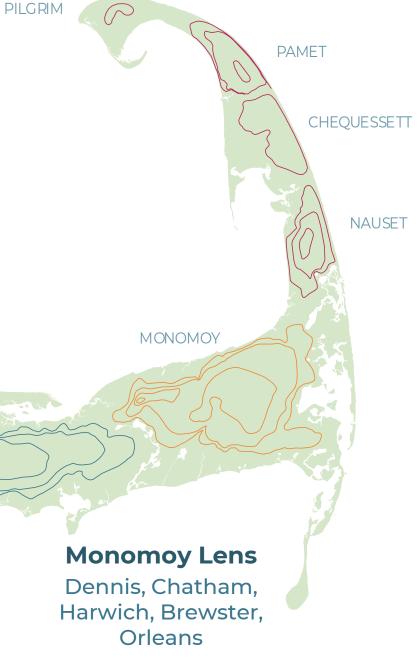
STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder groups organized by groundwater lenses

SAGAMORE

Sagamore Lens

Bourne, Falmouth, Sandwich, Mashpee, Barnstable, Yarmouth



Outer Cape Lenses

Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro, Provincetown

Stakeholder Meetings

MARCH 19 AND 20

Meeting 1
Defining the
Problem

Establish a shared understanding of freshwater systems, the Freshwater Initiative, and stakeholder perspectives

APRIL 22 AND 23

Meeting 2
Exploring Strategies
and Priorities

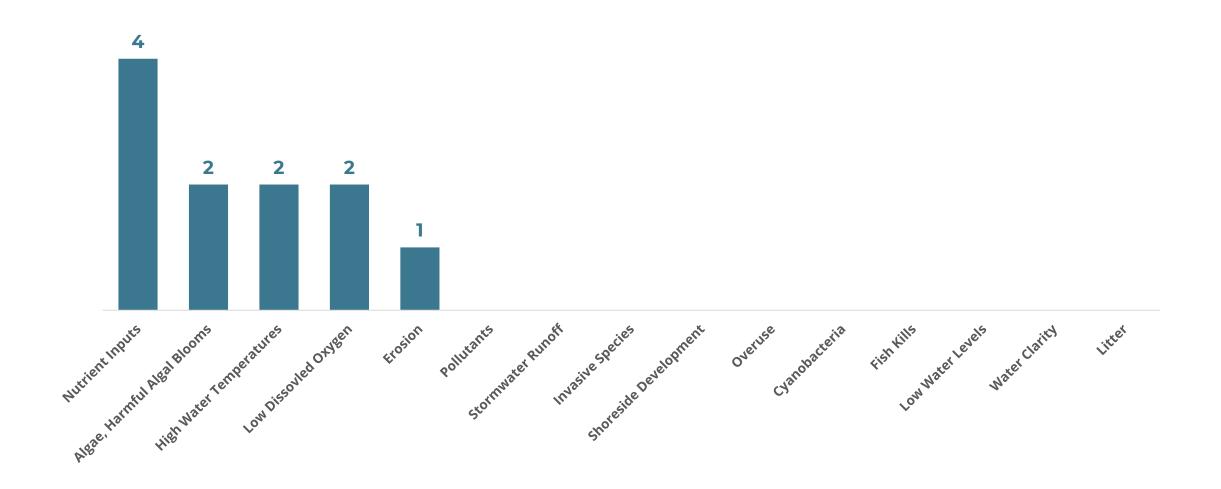
Highlight existing pond management strategies, review breadth of potential strategies and identify priorities, discuss future pond management prioritization

JUNE 3 AND 4

Meeting 3
Reviewing the
Implementation Plan

Discuss recommendations and implementation plan; solicit stakeholder feedback

Outer Cape Lenses Meeting 1 Top Threats to Freshwater Pond Health



THE PROBLEMS

CLIMATE CHANGE



Average ambient temperatures have increased 2.9°F since 1895

Projected 4.6-8.2°F increase by the end of the century

INCREASED STORMWATER



55% increase in heavy precipitation since 1958

Projected 2.5 more \geq 1" precipitation days by the end of the century

EXCESS NUTRIENTS

FROM STORMWATER, FERTILIZER, AND WASTEWATER



46 of the 50 monitored ponds are at or above the ecoregion threshold for total phosphorus

| POND IMPACTS



WATER COLUMN MIXING



ALGAE BLOOMS



INVASIVE SPECIES

 $_{\circ}^{\circ}$ O_{2}°

LOW DISSOLVED OXYGEN



HABITAT IMPACTS



EROSION

THE PROBLEMS AND IMPACTS

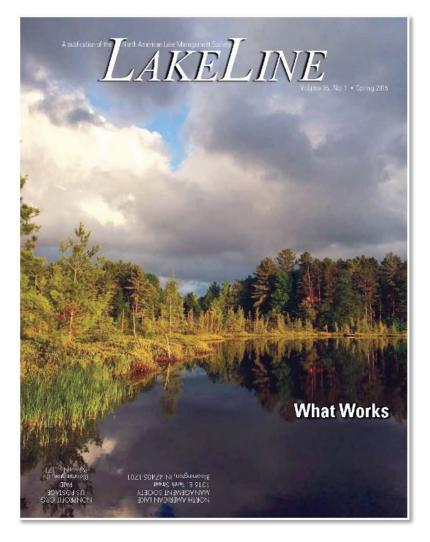
Are there other impacts we haven't captured?

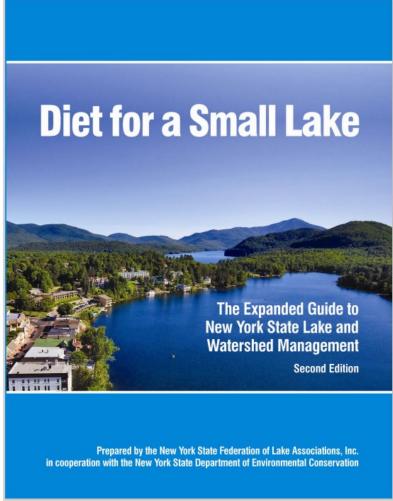
Are there other long-term planning considerations we should be including?

STRATEGIES DATABASE

Developing a pond-specific strategies database that includes a range of technologies, regulatory and voluntary options, and management approaches for protecting and restoring pond water quality

| STRATEGIES RESEARCH Publications





The Practical Guide to Lake Management in Massachusetts

A Companion to the Final Generic Environmental Impact Report on Eutrophication and Aquatic Plant Management in Massachusetts



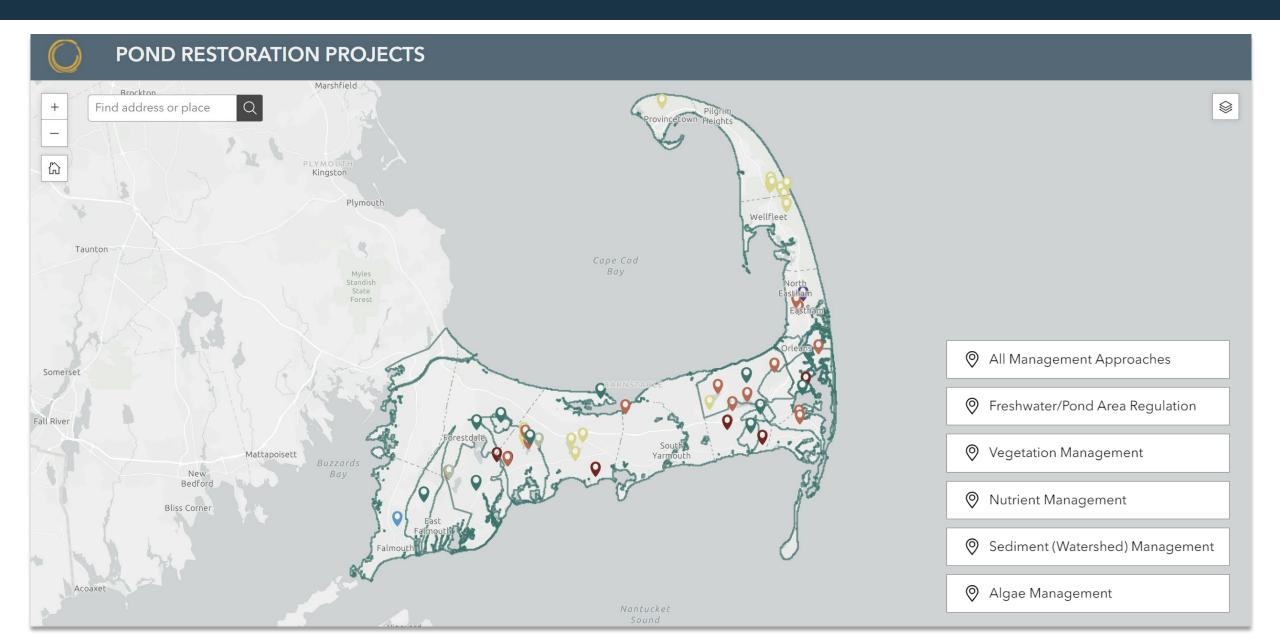
Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Environmental Affairs

2004

| STRATEGIES RESEARCH 208 Plan Technologies Matrix

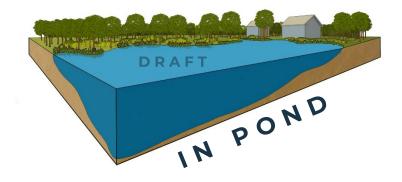


| STRATEGIES RESEARCH Freshwater Pond Restoration Projects Viewer



POND STRATEGIES DATABASE

SCALE OF APPROACHES



Sediment, nutrient, algae, and vegetation management approaches



Vegetated buffers, fertilizer management, septic setbacks, I/A septic systems



Comprehensive watershed planning, land use regulations, land protection, advanced wastewater treatment



Excess Nutrients



Pollutant Inputs



Algal Blooms



Erosion



OVERVIEW OF AVAILABLE STRATEGIES

44 STRATEGIES GROUPED INTO 6 MANAGEMENT APPROACHES



Planning & Regulations (7)



Algae Management (5)



Nutrient Management (16)



Vegetation Management (7)



Sediment Management (8)



Fisheries Management (1)

44 STRATEGIES GROUPED INTO 6 MANAGEMENT APPROACHES



Planning & Regulations

- Pond Use Planning & Regulations
- Land Use Planning & Regulations
- Watershed Planning
- Land Protection

- Freshwater Ponds District of Critical Planning Concern (DCPC)
- Comprehensive Wetland Restoration
- Education & Outreach



Nutrient Management

- Pondshore Buffer Plantings
- In-Pond Vegetation Planting
- Floating (Treatment) Wetlands
- Freshwater Aquaculture
- Waterfowl Management

- Hydraulic Control
- Hypolimnetic Withdrawal
- Circulation
- Oxygenation
- Phosphorus InactivationAdvanced Wastewater
- Permeable Reactive
- Barrier

- Biochar
- Innovative / Alternative (I/A) Septic System
- Composting Toilets
- Urine Diversion Toilets
- - Treatment



Liming



Sediment Management

- Biological Sediment Digestion
- Dredging
- Reverse Sediment Layering
- Sediment Capping
- Erosion Control

- Stormwater Management (Structural)
- Stormwater Management (Non-Structural)
- Stormwater Management (Source Controls)



Vegetation Management

Vegetation

Shading

Water Drawdown

Harvesting

Herbicide

UV-C Light Exposure

- **Benthic Barriers**
- Biocontrol



Algae Management

Algaecide

- Biological Control
- Shading

Ultrasonic

Algae Harvesting

STRATEGIES - EXPERT REVIEW

Technical Advisory Group

Non-Profit & Academic

Association to Preserve Cape Cod, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, UMass Boston, UMass Amherst

Government

Cape Cod National Seashore, MA Department of Conservation and Recreation, MA Division of Fisheries and Wildlife, MA Department of Environmental Protection, MA Alternative Septic System Test Center

Consultants

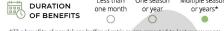
Water Resource Services, Fuss & O'Neill, Princeton Hydro, Anchor QEA

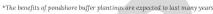


STRATEGY SCALE











y Infrequent*

Implemented on Cape Cod

on Cape Cod here

See examples of pond projects implemented

Listed in 208 Plan Technologies Matrix Learn more about the nutrient management strategies in the Tech Matrix here

DESCRIPTION

Pondshore buffer planting involves the planting of native, beneficial plants within a buffer area along a pond shoreline. It may include enhancing existing pondshore plantings or replacing lawn, invasive species, and impervious surfaces within a certain distance (e.g., 100'-300') of the pond edge with native plants suitable for the pondshore environment. Through pondshore buffer planting, plant roots and associated soils prevent erosion, intercept sediments, absorb stormwater, nutrients and other pollutants and prevent these from entering and degrading ponds.

ADVANTAGES

- Simple to implement
- · Low-maintenance if native plants used
- Enhances pondshore aesthetics and habitat value
- Depending on scale, may provide recreational opportunities

CONSTRAINTS

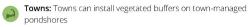
- · Need to source or grow appropriate plants
- Up-front costs to purchase and install plants
- Plants require monitoring and maintenance
- · Competition among plants will affect results

Pondshore Buffer Plantings



IMPLEMENTATION

POTENTIAL ACTORS





Land Trusts: Land trusts with pondshore properties can install and maintain buffers as well as providing a supportive role through education

Pond Groups: Pond groups can provide a supportive role through education.

SITING REQUIREMENTS

All ponds, especially those with developed or altered pondshores

INFORMATION NEEDS

- · Shoreline vegetation survey
- Landscape/restoration plan

Credit: Alison Jeschin

IMPLEMENTATION EXAMPLE

A homeowner on Nyes Pond in Falmouth installed a pondshore buffer of native trees, shrubs and perennials. The project required an Order of Conditions from the local Conservation Commission. After the plants were established, the homeowner reported a noticeable increase in bird and insect activity.

RESOURCES

- The Berkshire Regional Planning Commission developed the <u>Massachusetts Buffer Manual</u> for MassDEP in 2003. Other states, agencies, and pond organizations have developed buffer guidance including Maine's <u>Buffer Handbook</u>, Vermont's <u>Guide to Healthy Lakes Using Lakeshore Landscaping</u>, and the Southeast New England Program's <u>Buffer Restoration Guide</u>.
- The Massachusetts' Department of Conservation and Recreation's <u>Lakes and Ponds Program</u> provides related resources.

COST

RELATIVE COST

(COST: Variable

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cost: Depends on scale of planting project. Varies depending on extent of planting area, sourcing of desired vegetation, planting method, monitoring level, and labor

Assessment: Planning, design, and permitting (if applicable)

Implementation: Cost of plants, equipment and installation costs (rent vs. purchase, hire landscape of DIV)

Maintenance: Monitoring plants, landscape maintenance, and replacement plants, as needed

POTENTIAL FUNDING SOURCES

- Community Preservation Act
- Capital Budget
- Grants
- Private Funding

A Resource of the Cape Cod Freshwater Initiative capecodcommission.org/freshwater DRAFT April 2024 A Resource of the Cape Cod Freshwater Initiative capecodcommission.org/freshwater DRAFT April 2024

^{*}If appropriate native plantings used, maintenance is expected to be minimal

| SELECTING A STRATEGY

Understand Your Pond

(Assessment)



(Goals & Objectives)



Analyze Alternatives

(Costs & Benefits)



Implement & Monitor

(Adaptive Management)







STRATEGIES DISCUSSION

PRIORITIES

When considering pond management strategies, what are your priorities?

Cost, impact, time to see results, co-benefits, other?

STRATEGIES DISCUSSION

STRATEGIES INFORMATION

Is there other information you need?

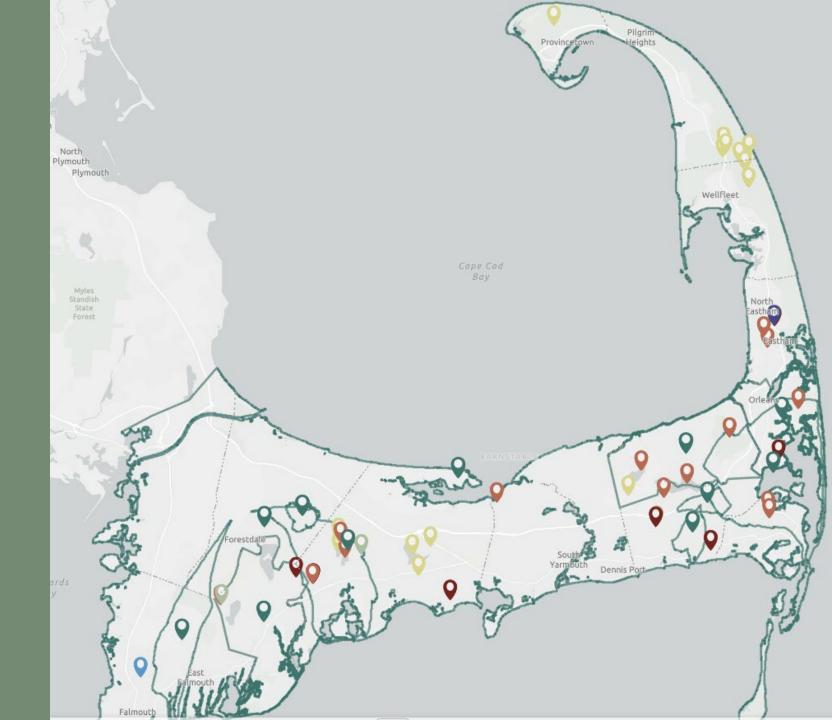
Are the co-benefits meaningful to you? Are there others you'd like to see included?



Freshwater Pond Restoration Projects Viewer

A map-based resource showing pond-specific projects, years implemented, and results to help inform further action.

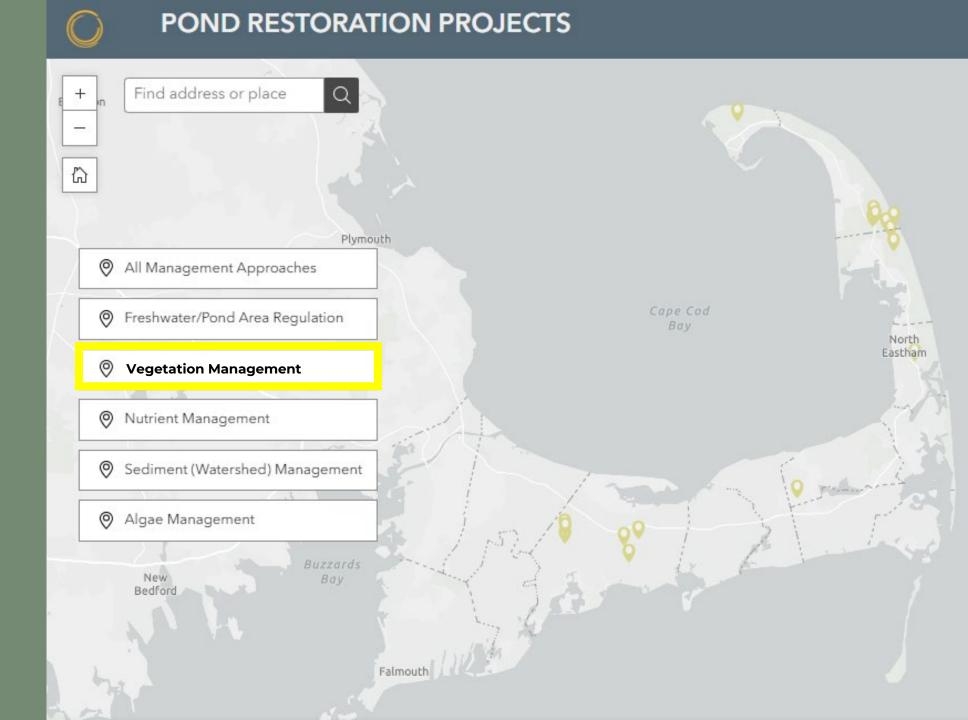
<u>Freshwater Pond Restoration Projects | Cape Cod</u> Commission



Pond Restoration Projects Viewer

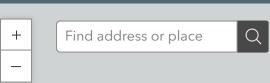


Select a specific type of management

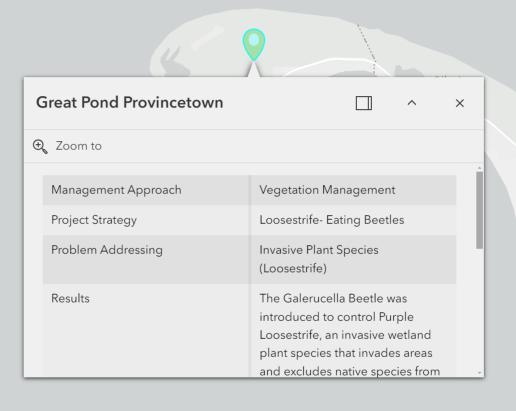




POND RESTORATION PROJECTS



- All Management Approaches
- Freshwater/Pond Area Regulation
- Vegetation Management
- Nutrient Management
- Sediment (Watershed) Management
- Algae Management



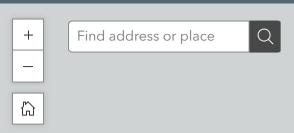
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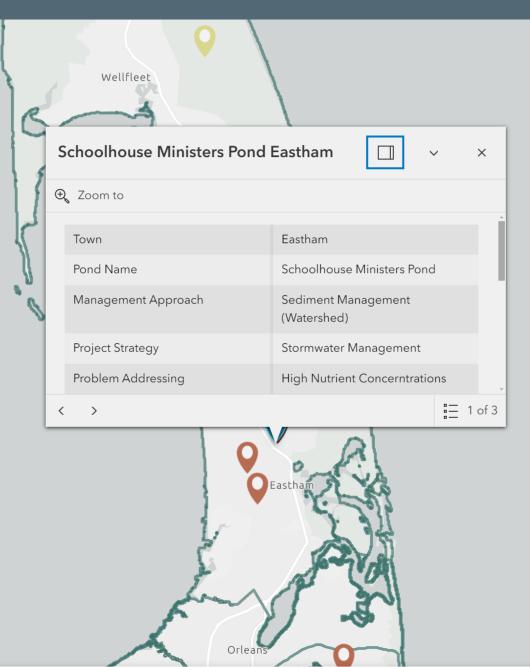




POND RESTORATION PROJECTS

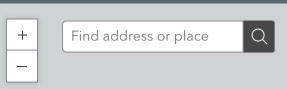


- All Management Approaches
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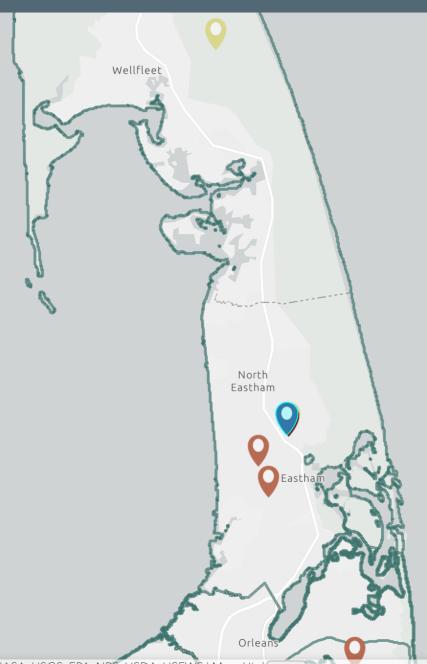


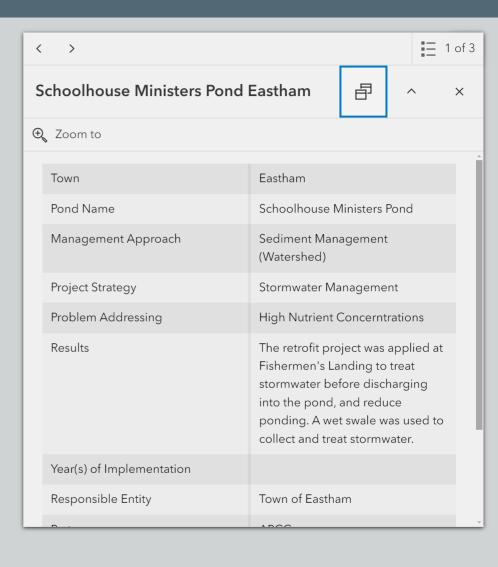


POND RESTORATION PROJECTS



- All Management Approaches
- Freshwater/Pond Area Regulation
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- O Sediment (Watershed) Management
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Pond Restoration Projects Viewer

Updates and additional projects are needed. To add or edit a pond restoration project go to:

https://www.surveymonkey.com
/r/CapeCodPondProjects

Add Or Edit Pond Restoration Projects

Cape Cod Pond Remediation Project Information Inquiry

Cape Cod Freshwater Initiative

To provide a regional resource to track management efforts and share lessons and results about remediation strategies, the Cape Cod Commission is calling for information on pond remediation implementation projects across Cape Cod.

Use this form to add information about additional projects not yet included in this regional resource, or to edit the information on projects already featured in the viewer (LINK). You can fill out this survey to add or edit projects as many times as needed.



0 of 33 answered

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CapeCodPondProjects

POND MANAGEMENT ACTIONS DISCUSSION

TOWN ACTIONS

Implementation Example: What were the considerations or driving factors in picking a strategy?

Pond resource management: Applying science to understand and improve pond condition

Sophia E. Fox, Ph.D.

Aquatic Ecologist, Cape Cod National Seashore







Changes in the ponds in recent decades

- Pond waters are less acidic due to air quality improvements from the Clean Air Act
- Pond waters are becoming significantly warmer at the same rate as air temperatures are warming – approx. 5° over last two decades
- Pond stratification (layer formation) is longer and stronger, making ecological conditions more stressful for pond biota & changing pond chemistry
- Considerable pond shore buffer (shoreline & nearshore)
 damage bare sediments and shoreline areas

MATION. SPACE SPACE

Shoreline impacts from recreation

Bank erosion & vegetation trampling













Shoreline restoration

Great Pond, Truro

Native plantings and jute

Before



After

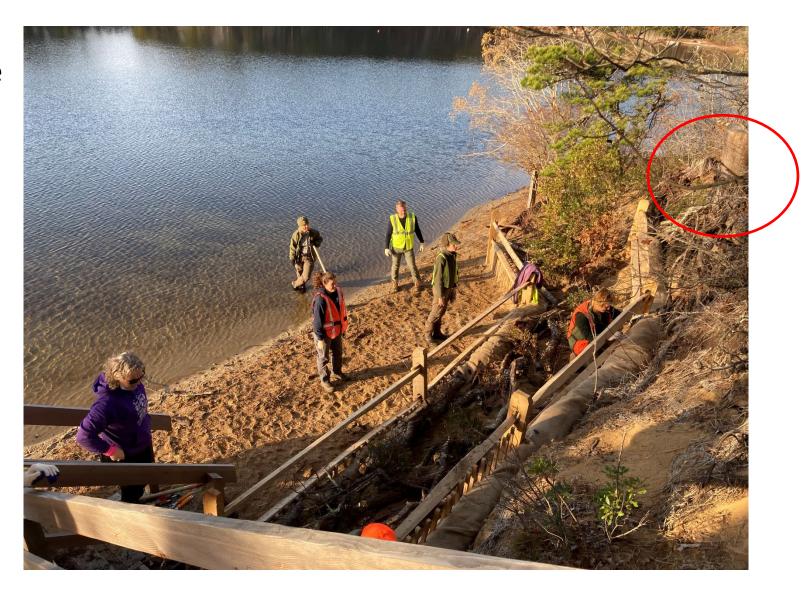




Great Pond, Truro

Native plantings and jute

Shoreline restoration





Shoreline restoration

Dyer Pond, Wellfleet

Native plantings and jute

Before After

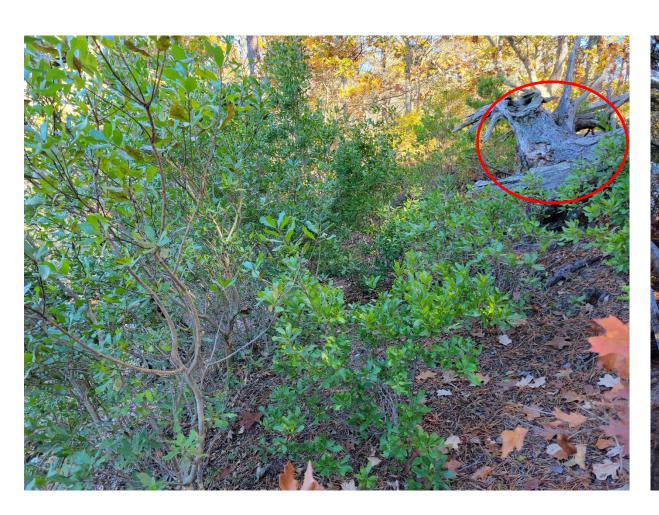






Dyer Pond, Wellfleet

Native plantings and jute







Spectacle Pond, Wellfleet

- Native plantings and jute in closed areas with platform steps to pond
- Seeking funding for larger shoreline restoration project

Before After







Spectacle Pond, Wellfleet

 Native plantings and jute in closed areas with platform





Spectacle Pond, Wellfleet

- Native plantings and jute in closed areas with platform steps to pond
- Seeking funding for larger shoreline restoration project

Before



After





Invasive *Phragmites* australis treatment

Gull and Herring ponds, Wellfleet

- Worked with professional NPS
 Invasive Plant Management Team
- Treated small stands of Phragmites with Imazapyr
- Worked with homeowners on Gull Pond, who were so happy to support the effort
- Highly effective!! All other plants and wildlife are unaffected
- Will return in 2023 to check on regrowth







Summary - Management & science underway

- Partnerships are essential!!!
 - CCNS, Towns, County, Association to Preserve Cape Cod (APCC), Center for Coastal Studies, Cape Cod Commission, Americorps Cape Cod, consulting firms, academic institutions...
- Continuing the critical long-term monitoring of water quality
 - CCNS, APCC, Towns, non-profits, citizen scientists – Brewster Ponds Coalition is a pioneer





Summary - Management & science underway

- Research on ecology, climate change, water quality, species of concern
 - e.g. odonates, herring, cyanobacteria
- Wastewater management Septic upgrades, cesspool removals, I/A systems

• Pilot programs for alternative mitigation strategies (Town of Eastham is a pioneer – aeration, hydro-raking, Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB), stormwater

management)

 Public outreach – videos, public meetings, web content, brochures





Thank you!

Any questions:

Dr. Sophia Fox, Cape Cod National Seashore

Sophia_Fox@nps.gov

POND MANAGEMENT ACTIONS DISCUSSION

TOWN ACTIONS

Implementation Example: What were the considerations or driving factors in picking a strategy?

What questions do you have about how or why towns chose certain approaches?

POND MANAGEMENT ACTIONS DISCUSSION

INFORMATION

Implementation Example: What, in hindsight, do you wish you had asked, considered, or researched?

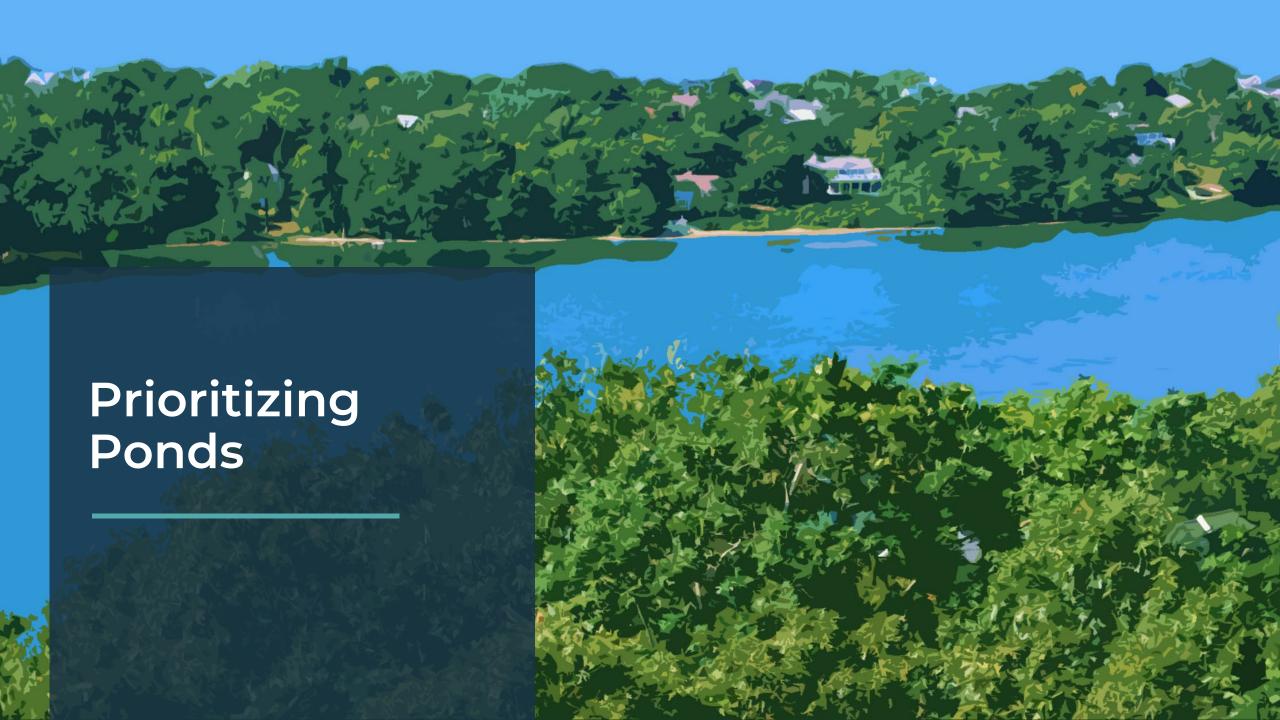
What other information could have been helpful?

POND MANAGEMENT ACTIONS DISCUSSION

INFORMATION

What do you see as successes?

What worked or didn't work with the strategies?





PRIORITIZING PONDS FOR MANAGEMENT

Potential Criteria for Prioritizing Ponds

- Pond physical characteristics
- Pond water quality (such as TMDL, trophic status, water quality data, bacterial closures)
- Watershed metrics / CWMP
- Prior management actions

- Pond ownership and access (such as public/private, public access, amenities eg bathrooms or parking)
- Sensitive resource areas, habitat
- Community involvement
- Environmental Justice

PRIORITIZING PONDS FOR MANAGEMENT

Are there additional criteria you would include?

Are there criteria you would remove?

Are there criteria you would weigh more heavily?

Are there superseding factors that would elevate a pond's priority?

UPCOMING STAKEHOLDER MEETINGS

APRIL 22 AND 23

Meeting 2

Exploring Strategies and Priorities

- Strategies Overview
- Identifying Priorities
- Comment and Discussion

JUNE 3 AND 4

Meeting 3

Reviewing the Implementation Plan

- Incorporating Stakeholder Feedback
- Recommendations
- Implementation
- Discussion



Thank you!

www.capecodcommission.org/freshwater

